

I just showed that

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{5 + 4 \cos \theta} d\theta = \frac{1}{4i} \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{(z^2 - 1)^2}{2z^4 + 5z^3 + 2z^2} dz.$$

In the next few problems we will calculate the value of this definite integral.

1. Factor the polynomial $2z^4 + 5z^3 + 2z^2$ into a product of linear factors.

2. Calculate $\oint_C \frac{(z^2 - 1)^2}{2z^4 + 5z^3 + 2z^2} dz$ when C is a very small circle around the origin (radius is much smaller than $1/2$).

3. Calculate $\oint_{|z|=1} \frac{(z^2 - 1)^2}{2z^4 + 5z^3 + 2z^2} dz$.

4. Use the answer to the previous problem to find $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{5 + 4 \cos \theta} d\theta$.

5. Find all four roots of $z^4 + 1$ and use them to completely factor $z^4 + 1$.

6. Let C_1 be the half-circle $\{Re^{i\theta} : 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi\}$. Show that $\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_{C_1} \frac{1}{z^4 + 1} dz = 0$.

7. Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^4 + 1}$.

8. **(Extra Credit)** Evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{x^4 + 1} dx$.