1. Find 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{2}e^{-2x} dx$$
.

2. Show that each of the following integrals diverge by finding a smaller (simpler) integral that diverges.

(a) 
$$\int_0^1 \frac{e^x}{x^2} \, dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_{e}^{\infty} \sqrt{\ln x} \, dx$$

3. For each of the following, find a larger integral that converges.

(a) 
$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x} \sin^2 x \, dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^2} \, dx$$

4. Determine whether the integral  $\int_{2}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{x}+3}{x-1}} dx$  converges or diverges by finding a simpler integral to compare it with. Clearly explain how your comparison works.