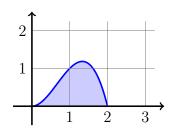
1. Find the volume of the region under  $y = \sqrt{\sin x}$  from x = 0 to  $x = \pi$  when it is revolved around the x-axis.

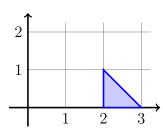
2. Find the volume of the region under the curve  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  from x = 1 to x = 2 when it is revolved around the x-axis.

3. Let  $\mathcal{R}$  be the region between the curve  $y = 2 - x^2$  and the line y = 1. When you revolve this region around the x-axis, you get a ring shape. Use the washer method to find the volume of this ring.

4. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region under  $y = 2x^2 - x^3$  (shown below) around the y-axis.



5. What is the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the triangle shown below around the y-axis?



6. What is the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region beneath  $y = e^{-x}$  from x = 0 to  $\infty$  around the x-axis?

7. Find the length of the curve  $y = \frac{4}{3}x^{3/2}$  from x = 0 to x = 6.

8. Set up a definite integral that represents the length of Archimedes spiral (shown below), which is given by the parametric equations  $x(t) = t \cos t$ ,  $y(t) = t \sin t$  from t = 0 to  $t = 2\pi$ . You don't need to calculate the integral.

