## The Plurality-with-Elimination Method

Lecture 10 Section 1.4

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Mon, Feb 5, 2018

- The Plurality-with-Elimination Method
- Variations
- A Defect in the Method
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# The Plurality-with-Elimination Method

## Definition (The Plurality-with-Elimination Method)

By the plurality-with-elimination method (also called instant-runoff voting, or IRV),

- The voters cast their votes for their first-place choice.
- If one candidate has a majority of votes, he wins.
- Otherwise, the candidate with the fewest first-place votes is eliminated and the process repeats with the remaining candidates until there is a winner.

	15	11	6	3	
1st	Α	В	С	С	
2nd	D	Α	D	В	
3rd	С	D	В	Α	
4th	В	С	Α	D	

- Who is the winner?
- Give the complete ranking (in reverse order of elimination).

	15	11	6	3
1st	Α	В	В	Α
2nd	D	Α	D	В
3rd	С	D	С	С
4th	В	С	Α	D

- What if there is a tie (C and D each received 0 first-place votes)?
- Which one do we eliminate?

	15	11	6	3
1st	Α	В	В	Α
2nd	D	Α	D	В
3rd	С	D	С	С
4th	В	С	Α	D

- What if there is a tie (C and D each received 0 first-place votes)?
- Which one do we eliminate?
- Does it matter?

	15	11	6	3
1st	Α	В	В	Α
2nd	D	Α	D	В
3rd	С	D	С	С
4th	В	С	Α	D

- What if there is a tie (C and D each received 0 first-place votes)?
- Which one do we eliminate?
- Does it matter? It could matter.

# Example (What if There is a Tie?)

	10	8	8	8
1st	Α	В	С	D
2nd	В	С	D	В
3rd	С	D	В	С
4th	D	Α	Α	Α

• Eliminate B. Who wins?

# Example (What if There is a Tie?)

	10	8	8	8
1st	Α	В	С	D
2nd	В	С	D	В
3rd	С	D	В	С
4th	D	Α	Α	Α

- Eliminate B. Who wins?
- Eliminate C. Who wins?

# Example (What if There is a Tie?)

	10	8	8	8
1st	Α	В	С	D
2nd	В	С	D	В
3rd	С	D	В	С
4th	D	Α	Α	Α

- Eliminate B. Who wins?
- Eliminate C. Who wins?
- Eliminate D. Who wins?

## Example (What if There is a Tie?)

	10	8	8	8
1st	Α	В	С	D
2nd	В	С	D	В
3rd	С	D	В	С
4th	D	Α	Α	Α

- Eliminate B. Who wins?
- Eliminate C. Who wins?
- Eliminate D. Who wins?
- Let's not worry about that.

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#### **Faster Elimination**

Rather than eliminate the candidates one per round, we could eliminate

- Two per round (or three, or four, etc.)
- All but two in the first round.

# Example

#### Example

Suppose that there are 5 candidates: A, B, C, D, E. The following table summarizes the voters' preferences.

	Preferences						
No. of voters	6	4	4	4	3	1	1
1st	В	В	D	Е	Α	С	С
2nd	Α	Α	Α	С	D	В	D
3rd	С	D	Е	D	С	Α	Α
4th	D	Е	С	В	В	D	В
5th	Е	С	В	Α	Е	Е	Е

- Use the elimination method, 2 at a time, to find the winner.
- Would the result be the same if we eliminated them one at a time?

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	7	8	10	4
1st	Α	В	С	Α
2nd	В	С	Α	С
3rd	С	Α	В	В

- What could possibly go wrong with this method?
- Who is the winner?

	7	8	10	4
1st	Α	В	С	Α
2nd	В	С	Α	С
3rd	С	Α	В	В

- What could possibly go wrong with this method?
- Who is the winner?
- What if the 4 voters who preferred A over C (in the last column) changed their minds and preferred C over A.

	7	8	10	4
1st	Α	В	С	С
2nd	В	С	Α	Α
3rd	С	Α	В	В

- What could possibly go wrong with this method?
- Who is the winner?
- What if the 4 voters who preferred A over C (in the last column) changed their minds and preferred C over A.

	7	8	10	4
1st	Α	В	С	С
2nd	В	С	Α	Α
3rd	С	Α	В	В

- What could possibly go wrong with this method?
- Who is the winner?
- What if the 4 voters who preferred A over C (in the last column) changed their minds and preferred C over A.
- That could only help C, right?

	7	8	10	4
1st	Α	В	С	С
2nd	В	С	Α	Α
3rd	С	Α	В	В

- What could possibly go wrong with this method?
- Who is the winner?
- What if the 4 voters who preferred A over C (in the last column) changed their minds and preferred C over A.
- That could only help C, right?
- Wrong!



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## Coombs' Method

#### Definition (Coombs' Method)

Coombs' method is a variation of the plurality-with-elimination method. The voters cast their votes for their *last-place* choice. The candidate with the *most last-place* votes is eliminated and the process repeats with the remaining candidates until there is a winner.

	15	11	6	3
1st	Α	В	С	С
2nd	D	Α	D	В
3rd	С	D	В	Α
4th	В	С	Α	D

- Who is the winner?
- Give the complete ranking.
- How do the results compare to the plurality-with-elimination method?

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# **Assignment**

#### **Assignment**

- Chapter 1 Exercises 31, 32, 33, 35, 37, 38, 69a.
- Rework 31, 32, and 33 using Coombs' method. Were the results the same as with the Plurality-with-Elimination Method?