

Binary Adders

Lecture 6
Section 2.5

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1 Binary Addition

2 Half Adders

3 Full Adders

4 Assignment

Outline

- 1 Binary Addition
- 2 Half Adders
- 3 Full Adders
- 4 Assignment

Binary Adders

- A **half adder** (HA) adds two bits and produces a **sum** bit and a **carry** bit.
- A **full adder** (FA) adds two bits and a **carry-in** bit and produces a sum bit and a **carry-out** bit.

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A Half Adder

Input		Output	
p	q	sum	carry
1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0
0	0	0	0

- Addition of binary digits by a half adder.

A Half Adder

- We see that
 - The sum bit is $p \oplus q$.
 - The carry bit is $p \wedge q$.
- Design circuits for $p \oplus q$ and $p \wedge q$.
- Combine them into a single circuit.

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A Full Adder

Input			Output	
p	q	carry-in	sum	carry-out
1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	0

- Addition of binary digits by a full adder.

A Full Adder

- We can express the sum bit as

$$(p \oplus q) \oplus c_{\text{in}} = p \oplus q \oplus c_{\text{in}}$$

and the carry-out c_{out} as

$$(p \wedge q) \vee ((p \oplus q) \wedge c_{\text{in}}).$$

- We can implement these two expressions in a circuit.

A Full Adder

- Use a HA to add p and q . This produces

$$s' = p \oplus q.$$

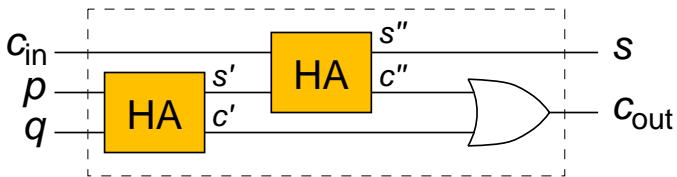
$$c' = p \wedge q.$$

- Then use another HA to add c_{in} to s' to get the final sum and carry-out bits.

$$s = s' \oplus c_{in}.$$

$$c_{out} = c' \vee (s' \wedge c_{in}).$$

Circuits



- Design a circuit for a full adder using two half adders.
- Design a circuit for an 8-bit adder using 8 full adders.

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- Read Section 2.5, pages 78 - 84.
- Exercises 1, 2, 7, 8, 13, 14, 17, 18, 21, page 94.